

AFAIRS IN SAMOA UNSATISFACTORY

Provisional Government In-
terferes With Britishers.

PARTIALITY IN TAXATION

Dr. Rafael, President of Municipal
Council at Apia, Makes an Apology—German Consul Immures Him-
self, Fearing Arrest—Feeling in
Favor of Malletta Tanus Growing
—British Annexation.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Sydney, N. S. W., March 1.—Advices received here from Apia, Samoa, under date of February 17th, say that affairs are still unsatisfactory. The provisional government, it appears, is interfering with native and British subjects and also with the servants of British subjects, and is taxing the Malletta people \$2 and the Matafa people \$1 each.

DR. RAFAEL APOLOGIZES.

Dr. Rafael, the German president of the Municipal Council at Apia, at the instigation of the British consul, has apologized for boycotting the British third-class cruiser Porpoise, and for insulting the Chief Justice and Malletta's lawyer while they were guests on board the Porpoise. A landing party from the Porpoise, ready with machine guns, was therefore not sent ashore, though a plan to make an attack on Mulinuu had been all arranged.

Several of the Matafaas have died of wounds, including one woman, who was shot in the breast.

PRISONERS IN EXILE.

There is much indignation at the act of the provisional government in keeping in exile prisoners whose only offense is loyalty. The house of Chief Sumanuu, whose bravery in saving life during the historical hurricane, was rewarded by the Americans with the present of a whaleboat, has been burned and looted and the whale boat has been stolen. Sumanuu is still in exile.

GERMAN CONSUL IMMURES HIMSELF.

The German consul continues to protect the Germans from the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, but Herr Grovesmuhl paid \$55 for contempt of court when the court advertised the sale of his property. Herr Grovesmuhl remains at his consulate, fearing arrest and having to serve a sentence of one hundred days' imprisonment. It is added that he is also afraid of being arrested on the charge of drunkenness.

GUILTY OF CONTEMPT.

Dr. Rafael has been adjudged guilty of contempt of court, but has refused to come forward for sentence. He was formerly arrested without force, but sought the protection of Herr Rose, the German consul.

Lieutenant Von Bulon, a former officer in the German army and organizer of the Matafaa forces, is still at Saavaal. He refuses to come to court on the charge of contempt in breaking jail, and claims that he should be tried by a German military court at Berlin.

Mr. Moore, an American citizen, who is said to favor the Germans, wrote threatening letters to Chief Justice Chambers. He was found guilty of contempt of court, but was discharged after making an ample apology.

MALLETTOA TANUS FAVORED.

The feeling in favor of Malletto Tanus is growing and Malletto's following is disintegrating. The whole of Tuhela, and most of Saavaal now favor Malletto Tanus. Generally, the dispatches assert, there is a strong feeling in favor of British annexation.

The German vice consul has returned here from Tonga, or Amsterdam island, one of the southernmost of the Tonga Islands, and the residence of their sovereign, after having unsuccessfully urged the King to dismiss his premier.

MONEY FOR PUBLIC BUILDING.

HALF THE TOTAL LIMIT OF COST AVAILABLE.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Washington, March 1.—Just before the final vote was taken on the sundry civil appropriation bill last night an amendment was voted on, at the instance of Senator Allison, chairman of the committee on appropriations, appropriating money for the work next year on all public buildings which have been authorized by the present Congress, the appropriation for the year generally being one half the total limit of cost. The following are some of the amounts appropriated: Brunswick, Ga., \$25,000; New Iberia, La., \$25,000; Tampa, Fla., \$50,000; Elizabeth City, N. C., \$25,000; Bristol, Tenn., \$25,000; Abilene, Tex., \$27,000; Beaumont, Tex., \$37,000; Anniston, Ala., \$25,000; Winston, N. C., \$25,000; Macon, Ga., \$58,000; Columbus, Ga., \$25,000.

The amendment also authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to enter into contracts for the completion of the buildings within the limits provided. The total amount appropriated is \$3,885,440.

Gen. Wheeler's Congressional Seat.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Washington, March 1.—Chairman Henderson, of the House Judiciary Committee, stated to-day that he probably would call up the resolution declaring vacant the seats of General Wheeler and other members holding army commissions, after the appropriation bills were sent to the Senate.

When the resolution is called up the friends of General Wheeler will raise the question of consideration. If the bill is considered a motion will be made to include in the resolution members holding civil commissions. Finally a contest will be made on the resolution itself.



THE LATEST PICTURE OF RUDYARD KIPLING.

This picture of Mr. Kipling, taken from his latest photograph, is of particular interest because it shows the handsome fur lined overcoat that is held responsible for the novelist's severe attack of pneumonia. The coat was very heavy, and whenever Kipling became overheated he would throw open the garment to cool off, and pneumonia was the result.

AUTHOR KIPLING'S CONDITION.

THE CRISIS IN HIS DISEASE, HAS PASSED.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

New York, March 1.—The condition of Rudyard Kipling is very much improved to-night. The crisis in the disease was passed this morning. At 2:15 this afternoon the following bulletin was posted:

"Mr. Kipling has gained since this morning. The temperature and pulse are low, and in every direction the improvement is noted."
(Signed) "E. G. JANEWAY,"
"Theodore Dunham."

This was the ninth day of Mr. Kipling's illness. In pneumonia the crisis is usually reached by the seventh or eighth day, but it may be delayed until fourteen. Therefore there were 43 hours during which the physicians hardly left their patient's side. During that time Kipling suffered greatly during his conscious moments, but he was frequently unconscious or suffered from attending delirium. It required an iron constitution to bear up against the intensity of the disease, for Mr. Kipling's disease is a double lobar pneumonia, a pneumonia of both lungs. The most advanced scientific methods have been adopted for the treatment, and for several days oxygen was forced into the lungs to tide over the times that Kipling was unable to breathe sufficient air to sustain life. The oxygen method was abandoned yesterday, a hopeful sign. The patient began to breathe more freely early this morning, and after a few hours dropped into a refreshing sleep, the first in days, and the one essential to restore his fast waning strength. Later the temperature dropped rapidly from 104 to 99, which is about normal. This is the ordinary course of the disease.

Carter Acquitted of Murder.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Richmond, Va., March 1.—In the Henrico County Court to-night the jury in the case of James Penrose Carter, charged with the murder of Chas. P. Moore, brought in a verdict of acquittal. This was the third trial of one of the most sensational cases in the criminal annals of Henrico. The jury was from Staunton.

Presidential Nominations.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Washington, March 1.—The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day:

Postmasters—Tennessee: John T. Hale, Trenton, South Carolina: Alonzo D. Webster, Orangeburg, Alabama: Eldridge M. Barnes, Alexander City.

EX-GOVERNOR M'KINNEY.

DIED OF CONGESTION OF THE LUNGS LAST NIGHT.

(Special to Virginian-Pilot.)

Farmville, Va., March 2.—Ex-Governor Phil W. McKinney died at his home here at 12 o'clock to-night of congestion of the lungs.

Mr. McKinney has been in failing health for some time. Not a week while after he vacated the Executive



PHIL W. M'KINNEY.

chair he had a long and painful illness, but rallied and resumed the practice of law. He was taken sick several days ago, presumably with grip, but it was not until yesterday afternoon that his condition became alarming. Later in the night his wife and daughter, Miss Frankie, were notified that he was sinking rapidly, and that all hope of his recovery had been abandoned by his physicians.

MOLINEUX INDICTED.

MUST ANSWER CHARGE OF MURDER IN FIRST DEGREE.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

New York, March 1.—Roland R. Molineux was to-day indicted by the grand jury for murder in the first degree in causing the death of Mrs. Katharine J. Adams. The finding of the indictment does away with a hearing before the coroner, and there will be small chance for Molineux's counsel to take any steps in his behalf until the case actually comes to trial.

The case of Molineux was placed on the calendar for pleading and he will be arraigned before Recorder Goff to-morrow. He will probably then be remanded to the Tomb without bail.

FILIPINOS ARE STILL VERY ACTIVE

They Fire Volley and Seek
the Jungles.

ARE MOUNTING A BATTERY

The Negro Commissioners Sail For
Home, Accompanied by Battalion
of California Volunteers—Chaplain
Leland Dies of Smallpox—The Fil-
ipino Version of the Last Encoun-
ters and Losses of the Americans.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Manila, March 1.—4:55 p. m.—The rebels are very active at Calocan and Malabon. They evidently intend to mount a battery in front of the Malabon church, destroyed by the fire of the United States monitor Monadnock on February 27. They can be seen throwing up earthworks for guns and emplacements.

USUAL DESULTORY FIRING.

Manila, March 1.—4:55 p. m.—There was the usual desultory firing yesterday evening and to-day, but the only casualty reported is in the case of Private Harold Parks, Company K, California Volunteers.

The Nebraska volunteers at the reservoir had a slight brush with a small body of the enemy this morning. The rebels scattered into the jungle after the first volley.

The United States transport Tacoma has arrived here without the loss of a horse or mule.

NEGRO COMMISSIONERS DEPART
The Negro Commissioners have entertained several American officers and British subject at their hotel in return for the compliment paid them by General Otis. They sailed for Negros to-day.

The transport St. Paul embarked a battalion of the California volunteers for Negros.

Chaplain Leland, of the Tennessee Volunteers, died recently at Iloilo of smallpox.

The United States transport Arizona has arrived here.

Generally speaking the situation is unchanged.

THE FILIPINO VERSION.

London, March 1.—The Filipino European junta has received the following dispatch from Manila, dated February 28th:

"The last encounters have been real battles. We now hold Pasig, Pateros and Guadalupe. Our northern line has advanced to Tondo.

The American losses are far larger in proportion than ours. We hold six hundred American prisoners, who will be taken into the interior. Not one of our people has surrendered, and our government maintains its independence and will not yield.

ASKED TO WITHDRAW.

"A Filipino telegram from Cebu asserts that the foreign residents have asked the insurgents to withdraw, in order to avoid a bombardment. The Filipinos have acceded, trusting that their action will be brought before the foreign consuls, with the view of arranging an equitable settlement with the Americans."

ALL QUIET TO-NIGHT.

Manila, March 2 (10:30 a. m.)—It was unusually quiet along the whole line last night, only a few shots being fired from a rebel field gun near the cemetery.

The enemy are apparently busy preparing their defenses, realizing that the Americans will attack them when the expected reinforcements arrive.

AGUINALDO'S PRICE OF RELEASE
Manila, March 2 (10:30 a. m.)—It is reported that Aguinaldo will only release the Spanish clerical prisoners upon condition that all landed and other property that they own shall be transferred to the rebels and also that the native priests shall be recognized.

PRISONERS CAPTURED.
Last night twelve rebels, in two canoes, were discovered paddling out from Paranaque. When the Buffalo's searchlight was turned on the rebels they used a calcium light signal, arranged with the picket boats. The searchlight was taken off and the rebels attempted to cross the bay, but a patrol boat overhauled them after a chase and took them prisoners to Manila.

GOMEZ INTERVIEWED.

CONVINCED THAT UNITED STATES WILL KEEP ITS PROMISE.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Havana, March 1.—General Maximo Gomez, in reply to a question to-day as to how long the American military occupation of Cuba would last, said:

"I have talked with the American Generals and high authorities, and am deeply, truly convinced that there is no doubt whatever that the United States will loyally keep its promise, and that Cuba will be free and independent. Some among us do not recognize the fact that such a radical change of government cannot be made as rapidly as they desire."

This morning at the Hotel Trocha, General Gomez had a conference with the Governor General. It is understood that the military authorities have requested the authorities at Washington to send to Cuba the \$3,000,000 which is to be distributed among the Cuban troops.

The details of the conference cannot be made public in the United States just yet because their repetition to Cuba by cable might create local feeling and render more difficult the work in hand.

It is expected, however, that the Cubans will not recognize the Cuban soldiers who took the field after the signing of the peace protocol.

Announcement.

The Course on Literature will be published in the VIRGINIAN-PILOT every Thursday and Friday for the next seventeen weeks.

We give on the 4th page of to-day's paper, the first article of the series of "Popular Studies in Literature."

Dr. Eagan, of the Catholic University of America opens the series with an excellent study of "Chaucer: The Dawn of English Literature." The illustrations include a portrait of Chaucer, the Old Tabard inn, from which the Canterbury pilgrims are supposed to have started; Chaucer as a Pilgrim, etc.

The article on Chaucer will be printed in two sections, concluding in to-morrow's paper.

HOME STUDY CIRCLE, see page 4.



MAURICE FRANCIS EGAN, LL. D.

POPE LEO BETTER

Beneficial Results of a Surgical
Operation.

A Cyst the Size of an Orange Removed
From His Thigh—Display of
Courage During the Ordeal—Fear
of Pneumonia.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Rome, March 1.—The Pope passed a fairly good night, and was better this morning.

Dr. Mazzini, at 9:30 this morning, removed a cyst from the left thigh of the Pontiff. The operation was perfectly successful, and the patient bore it well.

It appears that yesterday's feverish symptoms were entirely due to the cyst, from which the Pope has long suffered. He now has no trace of fever, and Dr. Mazzini thinks no complications will ensue. Strict measures have been taken to exclude outsiders from the Vatican.



POPE LEO XIII.

Some of the morning papers asserted that the Pope was suffering from rheumatic fever, following a chill, and that it was feared pleurisy would supervene.

The Pope yesterday desired that the cyst be simply lanced, but he consented to its removal on the doctor's insisting upon the point.

The Pope, as this dispatch is sent, has just partaken of eggs, biscuits and Marsala wine.

The following official bulletin has been issued:

"His Holiness underwent an operation at 10 o'clock this morning for the removal of a long-standing cyst, which suddenly broke inflamed. His Holiness bore the operation remarkably well, although it was impossible to use chloroform. The Pope's condition is now fairly satisfactory."
(Signed) "MAZZINI,"
"Lapponi."

An official bulletin issued at 5 o'clock this evening says:

"The Pope's pulse is excellent, and the general conditions are veritably satisfactory in the part operated upon. All is proceeding regularly."
(Signed) "MAZZINI,"
"Lapponi."

LATER INFORMATION.

Rome, March 1.—7 p. m.—Drs. Mazzini and Lapponi, who left the Pope's apartments at 5 o'clock, expressed satisfaction at the condition of His Holiness. They said his temperature was 99.5.

The stream of callers continues and sincere sympathy is shown in all circles, Italian as well as papal. There is no sign of anything unusual at the Vatican. Cardinal Rampolla took his customary drive this afternoon.

Dr. Lapponi will again sleep at the Vatican. During the operation the Pope asked his private chaplain, Father Angeli, to say mass. After the surgeons had completed their task he was in excellent spirits and even joked with them. His Holiness slept two hours during the day.

THE CYST REMOVED.

At 6 o'clock Drs. Mazzini and Lapponi again visited and found that the pain caused by the operation had so far abated as to allow His Holiness to lie on his back. At that hour his tem-

perature was lower and his general condition satisfactory.

The cyst removed was about the size of an orange.

The hematic cyst has been forming, probably, for thirty years. The only persons present at the operation were Dr. Mazzini, Dr. Lapponi, who assisted, and Dr. Pio Centra, the Pope's personal attendant.

At half past 9 His Holiness was carried on a litter to a window of his apartment. Smiling, he said to the doctors: "Do you want to play these tricks upon me at my age?"

Then he lay down composedly on his right side. Although the courage which the patient displayed gave the doctors courage, they feared to use chloroform, and used instead a liquid anesthetic, of cocaine, chloride of sodium and morphine.

DISPLAYED GREAT FORTITUDE.

Owing to the size of the growth the excision occupied some time, but Dr. Mazzini quickly traced the extent of the growth and the actual operation lasted twelve minutes. The Pope displayed great fortitude. After the bandaging, he was carried back to the bed and once the feeling of faintness due to shock and loss of blood had passed away, he appeared quite calm. The fever quickly subsided, confirming the diagnosis of the doctors.

During Dr. Mazzini's visit the Pope asked him how many female patients were accommodated at the hospital of St. John, of which Dr. Mazzini is the chief surgeon, and he inquired regarding the work done at the hospital by the Sisters of Mercy. He begged Dr. Mazzini to inform the Sisters that he blessed them, knowing that they were praying for him and for his recovery.

The semi-official Vatican organs in their details of the illness, confirm the dispatches to the Associated Press in every particular and warn the public against exaggerated statements published in certain quarters.

The physicians assure the public that the official bulletins regarding the Pope's condition will be scrupulously accurate.

SUFFERED GREAT PAIN.

According to Italie, His Holiness suffered great pain during the operation, and remarked afterward to his doctor: "I understand now the seriousness of my illness. You must have had great courage to operate upon an old man like myself."

The physicians, according to Italie, are anxious about the weakening effects of the dysentery, but if the Pope has a good night, there is every reason in their judgment, to look for a rapid recovery.

King Humbert, Queen Margherita, General Pelloux, the premier and Admiral de Cavallero, Minister of Foreign Affairs, have arranged to be informed at frequent intervals regarding the Pope's condition.

The diplomatic dinner arranged by Cardinal Rampolla for to-morrow will not be given—the invitations have been countermanded.

PNEUMONIA FEARED.

London, March 2.—The Rome correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "The Pope is still suffering from difficulty in respiration and from pain in the lumbar region. Dr. Mazzini has informed me that it is possible pneumonia may disclose itself. Altogether the progress of the disorder is problematical."

When he consented to the operation His Holiness said to Dr. Lapponi: "It is a truly disagreeable thing to me to separate myself from this city just when I am about to go, after having had its company for a third of my life."

"During the operation he cried out several times. 'After it was over Mgr. Sarginli, the papal chamberlain, on being asked what impression the illness has made abroad, replied that 28,000 telegrams had been received at the Vatican."

(Continued on Seventh Page)

OTHER TELEGRAPH PAGE 6.

CLASSIFICATION OF NEWS.

BY DEPARTMENTS.

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